

Debian Pure Blends

How to work with the Blends framework

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Overview

1 How to start a Blend

- Subsetting Debian
- Forming a team

2 Used techniques

- Metapackages
- Web sentinel

3 Future

Why creating a Debian Pure Blend

- Focussing users to subset of packages
- Adapting system and user interface to specific needs (working environment, user language, etc.)
- While Debian stays general support specialists as well
- **No derivative** from Debian

Basic idea: Do not make a separate distribution but make Debian fit for special purpose instead

Attracting people to use Blends

Users

- Indexed web pages displaying relevant packages
- Promoting software that builds a complete working environment
- Rise user interest by providing ready to install software in the context of their work field

Developers

- Simple way to categorise packages (“tasks files”)
- Key documentation feature
- QA pages (Bugs of relevant packages)
- Acceptance of new methods higher if the techniques provided are convincing enough

A Blend is more than just technique

- Choose an interesting topic for a large user group
- Try to get people involved
 - developers
 - users
- Invite maintainers of applications fitting the scope of the Blend
- Involve upstream maintainers and active users of interesting applications
(and possibly turn them into DDs)
- Example: Debian has now at least five more developers because they joined via Debian Med involvement



Building metapackages using *blends-dev*

- Define set of dependency relations in *tasks* files
- *blends-dev* does the following automatically:
 - Verify availability of Depends / Recommends
 - Packages unavailable in *main* will be turned into Suggests
 - Create proper *debian/control* file to build valid metapackages
 - Create *tasksel* control file *<BLEND>-tasks.desc*

Using *blends-dev*

debian/rules

```
#!/usr/bin/make -f  
include /usr/share/blends-dev/rules
```

debian/control.stub

- *debian/control* will be autogenerated
- Only information for source package is in stub
- See
/usr/share/doc/blends-dev/examples/debian

*tasks/**

See */usr/share/doc/blends-dev/examples/tasks* or other Blends for working examples

Tasks files

Similar to *debian/control*

Task: *taskname*

Description: *Shortdescription*

Longdescription

Depends: *some dependant packages*

Recommends: *some recommended packages*

Suggests: *some suggested packages*

Web sentinel

- Currently tasks and bugs pages
- Providing information about packages of interest
- Created by reading tasks files from Blends SVN containing
 - Dependency relations of packages inside Debian
 - Preliminary package information / WNPP
- Gathering all available information about the package dependencies defined in the tasks file from
 - Ultimate Debian Database (UDD): (translated) descriptions, versions and architectures, screenshot URLs, bugs, etc.
 - Additional information in tasks file itself

Intention of tasks pages

- Key entry point for users
- Quick overview about what's inside Debian regarding their specific work field
- Turned out to be QA tool for developers as well
- Meta information like
 - Homepage
 - Maintainer and VCS of Debian packaging
 - Screenshot (<http://screenshots.debian.net>)
 - DEHS, versions and architectures
 - DebTags
 - Popcon
 - even scientific quotation if available

→ Demo <http://blends.alioth.debian.org>

Additional fields in tasks files

Prospective packages

Depends: *not yet existing package name*

Homepage: *Homepage of project*

Responsible: *Future maintainer (optional)*

License: *License of software to package*

WNPP: *Bug number (optional)*

Vcs-*vcstype* : *Vcs URI (optional)*

Vcs-Browser: *Vcs URL (optional)*

Pkg-URL: *URL to unofficial package*

Pkg-Description: *Description of prospective package*

Configuration of web sentinel

svn://svn.debian.org/blends/blends/trunk/webtools/webconf/

```
Blend:          debian-med
ProjectName:    Debian Med
ProjectUrl:     http://debian-med.alioth.debian...
Homepage:      http://www.debian.org/devel/deb...
AliothUrl:     http://alioth.debian.org/projec...
ProjectList:   debian-med@lists.debian.org
LogoUrl:       http://debian-med.alioth.debian...
OutputDir:     /var/lib/gforge/chroot/home/gro...
DataDir:       /var/lib/gforge/chroot/home/gro...
VcsDir:        /svn/blends/projects/med/trunk/...
CSS:           ../inc/style.css
Advertising:   _('Help us to see Debian used by...
PkgList:       debian-med-packaging@lists.alio...
```

Weighting bugs

- Try to find a measure for bugs of dependant packages
- Currently not normalised to the number of dependencies but rather regarding absolute number of bugs
- Weighting numbers for the different severities ranging from 10 for the RC bugs until 0 for wishlist bugs

Example calculation

| | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 1 serious bug in dependent pkg: | $1 * 10 * 3 = 30$ |
| 2 important bugs in dependent pkg: | $2 * 5 * 3 = 30$ |
| 1 important bug in suggested pkg: | $1 * 5 * 1 = 5$ |
| 1 normal bug in dependent pkg: | $1 * 3 * 3 = 9$ |
| 1 minor bug in dependent pkg: | $1 * 1 * 3 = 3$ |

| | |
|----------------|----------|
| weighted sum = | <hr/> 77 |
|----------------|----------|

Colouring according bugs weight

| Legend | |
|---------------------|------------|
| assessment | limit |
| excellent | 5 |
| <i>verygood</i> | 10 |
| good | 30 |
| <i>satisfactory</i> | 50 |
| pass | 70 |
| bad | 100 |

- Metapackage can not be in status "good" if there is at least serious (or higher) bug in a dependant package
- Not "very good" if there is a RC bug in a suggested package
- Two RC bugs in suggested packages might qualify for "good" - if there are only a very view other bugs

Planned features for web sentinel

- More QA overviews
 - Lintian report overview
 - Adding Ubuntu bugs
- I18n information of applications
- Upstream metadata like
 - Please cite
 - Link to donation page

Make *blends-dev* use UDD

- Build metapackages based on UDD information
- Thus enabling `architecture=any` metapackages
- Include tasks file information into UDD

Try to establish technique

- Further enhancements
- Rewrite *blends-dev* to use UDD
- Make even more projects like DebiChem and Debian-GIS actively using the framework
- Try to bring back external projects to Debian by providing attractive tools

This talk can be found at
<http://people.debian.org/~tille/talks/>
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